

Math 10 Foundations LG 2 Quiz B Answer Sheet

Instructions

1. Mark your quiz.
2. Complete the "How Did I Do?" sheet
3. Return this sheet to Mrs. Craig.
4. Bring your marked quiz and the "How Did I Do?" page to your teacher for a quick interview.

Expectation #1: Apply the exponent laws to simplify expressions with rational exponents.

1. Simplify the following. Leave your answers with positive exponents. (1 mark each)

a) $(x)(x^6)$

$$= x^{1+6}$$
$$= x^7$$

b) $(x^2)^7$

$$= x^{2 \times 7}$$
$$= x^{14}$$

c) $\frac{(m^{-2})^0}{(m^3)^{-3}}$

$$= \frac{m^0}{m^{-9}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{m^{-9}} = m^9$$

d) $(8x^6)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^{-3})$

$$= (8^{\frac{1}{3}})(x^6)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^{-3})$$
$$= 2(x^2)(x^{-3})$$
$$= 2x^{-1} = \frac{2}{x}$$

Expectation #2: Represent and simplify irrational numbers.

2. Evaluate. (1 mark each)

a) $-9^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$= -\sqrt{9}$$
$$= -3$$

b) $(4^2)\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-2}$

$$= (16)\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2$$
$$= (16)\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)$$
$$= (4)(9)$$
$$= 36$$

Expectation #3: Convert between powers with rational exponents and radicals.

3. Express $\sqrt[4]{227}$ as a power. (1 mark)

$$= 22^{\frac{7}{4}}$$

Expectation #4: Convert between mixed radicals and entire radicals.

4. Express each mixed radical as an entire radical. (1 mark each)

a) $3\sqrt{4}$

$$= \sqrt{4 \times 3 \times 3}$$
$$= \sqrt{36}$$

b) $2\sqrt[3]{5}$

$$= \sqrt[3]{5 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2}$$
$$= \sqrt[3]{40}$$

5. Express each entire radical as an equivalent mixed radical (1 mark each)

a) $\sqrt{44} = \sqrt{2 \times 2 \times 11}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 44 \\ \wedge \\ 2 \quad 22 \\ \quad \wedge \\ \quad \quad 11 \\ \quad \quad 2 \quad 11 \end{array} = 2\sqrt{11}$$

b) $\sqrt[3]{54} = \sqrt[3]{2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 54 \\ \wedge \\ 2 \quad 27 \\ \quad \wedge \\ \quad \quad 9 \\ \quad \quad \wedge \\ \quad \quad \quad 3 \quad 3 \end{array} = 3\sqrt[3]{2}$$

Name: _____

TA: _____

Foundations of Math 10 LG 2 Ver B PART B – CALCULATOR

****CALCULATORS ARE PERMITTED ON THIS PART OF THE TEST**

Expectation #2: Represent and simplify irrational numbers.

6. Evaluate to 4 decimal places. (1 mark each)

a) $(3^{-1.2})^3$
 $= 0.0192$

b) $\left(\frac{2^3}{\frac{5}{4}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 $= 0.2722$

c) $\sqrt[5]{23.4}$
 $= 1.9796$

7. Order the set of numbers from least to greatest and then circle the irrational numbers (2 marks).

$4\frac{2}{5}$
 $= 4.4$

$2\sqrt[3]{8}$
 $= 4$

$4.\bar{4}$
 ≈ 4.44

$2\sqrt{4.4}$
 ≈ 4.20

$2\sqrt[3]{8}$, $\textcircled{2\sqrt{4.4}}$, $4\frac{2}{5}$, $4.\bar{4}$

THE CIRCLED NUMBER IS IRRATIONAL.

8. The number of ants in a colony doubles every 10 days. There currently are 25 ants in the colony. This situation can be modeled by the formula $P = 25(2)^{0.1d}$ where P represents the number of ants and d represents the number of days. How many ants will there be after 14 days? (2 marks)

$P = 25(2)^{0.1(14)}$
 ≈ 66

THERE WILL BE 66 ANTS AFTER 14 DAYS.

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* UNITS ARE IMPORTANT!!

9. The elevation of a balloon is given by the formula $h = 10\sqrt{t}$ where h is the height above the ground in metres and t is time in seconds. How much higher is the balloon at 80 seconds than it is at 25 seconds? (2 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{25s} \\ h &= 10\sqrt{25} \\ &= 50m \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{80s} \\ h &= 10\sqrt{80} \\ &= 89.44m \end{aligned}$$

$$89.44 - 50 = 39.44m$$

THE BALLOON IS 39.44m HIGHER.

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*REMEMBER YOUR UNITS!!